

Roses

Everyone loves roses, but they can be a challenge to grow. Hybrid teas, grandifloras and floribudas, although not as easy as landscape roses, can be successfully grown in Wisconsin.

Location. Roses do best in full sun, but can tolerate afternoon shade. Choose a spot with well-drained soil.

Watering. Roses require about 1 inch of water each week. Reduce the chance of disease by applying water only to the soil rather than overhead sprinkling.

Fertilization. Apply a complete fertilizer in early spring (late April) and again when the plants approach their peak flowering (mid to late June). Stop fertilizing by August.

Pests. Learn to recognize the symptoms of insects and diseases. Begin fungicide treatments early on roses with a history of developing diseases.



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Additional Resources

Roses

- UW-Extension Publication NCR252, *Roses for the Home*, to order (not view) <http://learningstore.uwex.edu/Roses-for-the-Home-P377.aspx>
- American Rose Society at <http://www.rose.org/>

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